Test Report issued under the responsibility of:



	Page 1 of 14	
	TEST REPORT	
	IEC 62471	
	Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems	
	Report Reference No GZES100600108901	
· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
- ~		
•		
2		
	·	
· · · ·		
<del></del>		
- <u>-</u>		
. =		
<u></u>		
ingen in the second sec	\	
· · ·		
fr.		
<b>*</b>		
a	<u>k</u>	
τ	* <del>/</del>	
- 		
•		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
· `_		
·		
_ h		
<u>د</u>		
• <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>	//////	
•		
·		
· pa =====		

Summary of testing:	
Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:
These tests fulfil the requirements of standard ISO/IEC 17025. When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.	SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. GuangZhou Branch Testing Center No.198, Kezhu Road, Scientech Park, Guangzhou Economic & Technology Development District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, CHINA
Due to the physical properties of the Lamp, this product does not contain any radiation above 800nm. Therefore the measured spectral range has been limited from 200nm up to and including 800nm.	
The tests were conducted under 60 mA.	
Summary of compliance with National Differences	s:
_	
Copy of marking plate:	

I	
Test item particulars	
Tested lamp	Continuous wave lamps
Tested lamp system	
Lamp classification group	🖾 exempt 🛛 risk 1 🗌 risk 2 🗌 risk 3
Lamp cap	
Bulb	
Rated of the lamp:	
Furthermore marking on the lamp:	
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:	
Used measurement instrument:	Ref. to List of test equipment used
Temperature by measurement:	25 ± 5 °C
Information for safety use	
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object	: N (N/A)
- test object does meet the requirement	: P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement	: F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item	: June 21, 2010
Date (s) of performance of tests	: June 21, 2010 – June 28, 2010
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to t This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, witho "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information a "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to t Throughout this report a comma is used as the decim List of test equipment must be kept on file and availa	but the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. ppended to the report. he report. nal separator.
	ts General Conditions of Service, available on request <u>s.htm</u> and, for electronic format documents, subject to <u>ww.sgs.com/terms_e-document.htm</u> .
time of its intervention only and within the limits of Cli sibility is to its Client and this document does not exo rights and obligations under the transaction documen without prior written approval of the Company. Any un	ontained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the ent's instructions, if any. The Company's sole respon- nerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their its. This document cannot be produced except in full,
General product information:	
The product can emit white light when powered.	



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds $10^4$ cd m <sup>-2</sup>	see clause 4.3	Ρ
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J m <sup>-2</sup> within any 8-hour period		Ρ
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ul- traviolet radiation exposure produced by a broad- band source, the effective integrated spectral ir- radiance , $E_S$ , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Ρ
	$E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{\lambda} E_{\lambda} (x, t), \xi$		Ρ
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet ra- diation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Ρ
	$t_{\max} = \frac{30}{E_s}$ s		Ρ
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J $m^{-2}$ for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, $E_{UVA}$ , shall not exceed 10 W $m^{-2}$ .		Ρ
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet ra- diation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Ρ
			Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B()$ , i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , $L_B$ , shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	Ρ



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	$L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}  \text{for } t  10^4  s \qquad t_{\max} = \frac{1}{L_{B}} \left( \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{L_{B}} \left( \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} \right) = \frac{1}{L_{B}} \left( \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{L_{B}} \left( \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} \right) = \frac{1}{L_{B}} \left( \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} + \frac{1}{L_{B}} \right)$	<u>0<sup>6</sup></u> Р
		N
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	N
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E , weighted against the blue-light hazard function B() shall not exceed the levels defined by:	N
	$E_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad {\rm J} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2}$	N
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{\lambda}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot R_{\rm exc}$	N



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	N	
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin	N	
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:	N	
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda} \left( \lambda, t \right) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	Ν	
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	S	
5.1	Measurement conditions	Р	
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.	P	
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)	N	
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.	N	
5.1.2	Test environment	P	
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.	P	
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation	Р	
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that ex- traneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.	P	
5.1.4	Lamp operation	Р	
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in ac- cordance with:	P	
	<ul> <li>the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or</li> </ul>	N	
	<ul> <li>the manufacturer's recommendation</li> </ul>	Р	
5.1.5	Lamp system operation	Р	
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:	Р	
	<ul> <li>the appropriate IEC standard, or</li> </ul>	Ν	
	<ul> <li>the manufacturer's recommendation</li> </ul>	Р	
5.2	Measurement procedure	Р	
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements	Р	
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.	Р	
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.	Р	



		IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

		r
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.	Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.	Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements	Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method	N
	The measurements made with an optical system.	N
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.	N
5.2.2.2	Alternative method	Р
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an ir- radiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements.	P
5.2.3	Measurement of source size	Р
	The determination of , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.	P
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources	N
	The determination of t, the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is $> 50\%$ of its peak value.	N
5.3	Analysis methods	Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations	Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear in- terpolation on the log of given values to obtain in- termediate points at the wavelength intervals de- sired.	P
5.3.2	Calculations	P



		IEC 62471	
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	<ul> <li>for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either ir- radiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm</li> </ul>		Ν
	<ul> <li>for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm</li> </ul>	r = 200 mm	Ρ
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р
6.1.1	Exempt Group		Р
	In the exempt group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Ρ
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>s</sub>) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor</li> </ul>		Ρ
	<ul> <li>a near-UV hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor</li> </ul>		Ρ
	- a retinal blue-light hazard ( $L_B$ ) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor		Ρ
	- a retinal thermal hazard (L <sub>R</sub> ) within 10 s, nor		Ρ
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 1000 s</li> </ul>		Ν
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		Ν
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the exempt group but that does not pose:		Ν
	<ul> <li>an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>s</sub>) within 10000 s, nor</li> </ul>		Ν
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E <sub>UVA</sub> ) within 300 s, nor		Ν
	- a retinal blue-light hazard (L <sub>B</sub> ) within 100 s, nor		Ν
	- a retinal thermal hazard (L <sub>R</sub> ) within 10 s, nor		Ν
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 100 s</li> </ul>		Ν
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ( $L_{IR}$ ), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		Ν
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		Ν
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		Ν

– an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E\_s) within 1000 s



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	<ul> <li>a retinal thermal hazard (L<sub>R</sub>) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor</li> </ul>	N
	<ul> <li>an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) within 10 s</li> </ul>	N
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard ( $L_{IR}$ ), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.	N
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)	N
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.	N
6.2	Pulsed lamps	N
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.	N

# SGS

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

	elength <sup>1</sup>	UV hazard function	Wavelength	UV hazard function
	, nm	S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)	λ, nm	<b>S</b> <sub>υν</sub> (λ)
200		0,030	313*	0,006
	205	0,051	315	0,003
	210	0,075	316	0,0024
	215	0,095	317	0,0020
	220	0,120	318	0,0016
	225	0,150	319	0,0012
	230	0,190	320	0,0010
	235	0,240	322	0,00067
	240	0,300	323	0,00054
	245	0,360	325	0,00050
	250	0,430	328	0,00044
:	254*	0,500	330	0,00041
	255	0,520	333*	0,00037
	260	0,650	335	0,00034
	265	0,810	340	0,00028
	270	1,000	345	0,00024
	275	0,960	350	0,00020
	280*	0,880	355	0,00016
	285	0,770	360	0,00013
	290	0,640	365*	0,00011
	295	0,540	370	0,00093
	297*	0,460	375	0,000077
	300	0,300	380	0,000064
:	303*	0,120	385	0,000053
	305	0,060	390	0,000044



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Wavelength	Blue-light hazard function	Burn hazard function
nm	Bide-light hazard function B (λ)	R (λ)
300	0,01	
305	0,01	
310	0,01	
315	0,01	
320	0,01	
325	0,01	
330	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440	1,00	10,0
445	0,97	9,7
450	0,94	9,4
455	0,90	9,0
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490 495	0,22 0,16	2,2 1,6
<u> </u>	10 <sup>[(450-)/50]</sup>	1,0
600-700	0,001	1,0
700-1050		1,0 10 <sup>[(700-)/500]</sup>
1050-1150		<u>الا</u> م م
1150-1200		0,2 0,2 <sup>.</sup> 10 <sup>0,02(1150-)</sup>
1200-1400		0,02

# SGS

	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)					
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m <sup>-2</sup>	
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_{S} = E \cdot S(\ ) \cdot$	200 - 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t	
Eye UV-A	E <sub>UVA</sub> = E •	315 – 400	1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10	
Blue-light small source	$E_B = E \bullet B(\ ) \bullet$	300 – 700	100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0	
Eye IR	$E_{IR} = E \bullet$	780 –3000	1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t <sup>0,75</sup> 100	
Skin thermal	E <sub>H</sub> = E •	380 - 3000	< 10	2 sr	20000/t <sup>0,75</sup>	

**Table 5.5**Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)

Ρ

Hazard Name =



### Page 13 of 14

	IEC 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	

Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	os of continuo	us wave lam	ps				Р
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	empt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> ( )	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	0	0,003		0,03	
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m⁻²	10	0,0002	33		100	
Blue light	B( )	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	5,8	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	B( )	E <sub>B</sub>	W•m⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R( )	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/	8722,2	28000/		71000/	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R( )	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m⁻²•sr⁻¹	6000/		6000/		6000/	
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m⁻²	100		570		3200	

\*\* Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



#### List of test equipment used:

Clause	Measurement / testing	Testing / measuring equipment / material used	Range used	Calibration date
5	Irradiance and Ra- diance measure- ments	Spectroradiometer	200 – 800 nm	Last cal. date: 2010-04-08 Next cal. date:
5	Irradiance and Ra- diance measure- ments	HP 34401A multimeter		2011-04-08 Last cal. date: 2009-09-24 Next cal. date:
				2010-09-24

### Photo documentation

Details of:

View: [x]general []front []rear []right []left []top []bottom []Internal

--- END OF REPORT ---